AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the present application.

IN THE CLAIMS:

(Currently Amended) A method for treating or Claim 1. alleviating a disease or disorder selected from the group consisting of Addison's disease, alopecia areata, Ankylosing spondylitis, haemolytic anemia (anemia haemolytica), pernicious anemia (anemia perniciosa), aphthae, aphthous stomatitis, osteoarthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, aspermiogenese, asthma bronchiale, auto immune asthma, auto immune hemolysis, Bechet's disease, Boeck's disease, inflammatory bowel disease, Burkitt's lymphoma, Chron's disease, chorioiditis, colitis ulcerosa, Coeliac disease, cryoglobulinemia, dermatitis herpetiformis, dermatomyositis, insulin dependent type I diabetes, juvenile diabetes, idiopathic diabetes insipidus, insulin dependent diabetes mellisis, auto-immune demyelinating diseases, Dupuytren's contracture, encephalomyelitis, encephalomyelitis allergica, endophthalmia phacoanaphylactica, enteritis allergica, autoimmune enteropathy syndrome, erythema nodosum leprosum, idiopathic facial paralysis, chronic fatique syndrome, febris rheumatica, glomerulo nephritis, Coodpasture's syndrome, Craves' disease, Hamman Rich's

disease, Hashimoto's disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, sudden hearing loss, ensoneural hearing loss, hepatitis chronica, Hodgkin's disease, haemoglobinuria paroxysmatica, hypogonadism, ileitis regionalis, iritis, leucopenia, leucemia, lupus erythematosus disseminatus, systemic lupus erythematosus, cutaneous lupus crythematosus, lymphogranuloma malignum, mononucleosis infectiosa, myasthenia gravis, traverse myelitis, primary idiopathic myxedema, nephrosis, ophthalmia symphatica, orchitis granulomatosa, pancreatitis, pemphigus, pemphigus vulgaris, polyarteritis nodosa, polyarthritis chronica primaria, polymyositis, polyradiculitis acuta, psoreasis, purpura, pyoderma gangrenosum, Quervain's thyreoiditis, Reiter's syndrome, sarcoidosis, ataxic sclerosis, progressive systemic sclerosis, seleritis, multiple selerosis, selerosis disseminata, acquired spenic atrophy, infertility due to antispermatozoan antibodies, thrombocytopenia, idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura, thymoma, acute anterior uveitis, and vitiligo, inhibiting proliferation,

said method comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a chemical compound having selective IK_{Ca} modulatory activity to said mammal, wherein the chemical compound is a triaryl methane derivative represented by Formula I

$$Ar^{1}$$

X

 Ar^{3}
 Y
 $CH_{2})_{n}$
 R
 (1)

and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or an oxide or a hydrate thereof, wherein

n is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;

X is absent, or represent a group of the formula $(CH_2)_n$, of the formula $(CH_2)_n$ Z (in either direction), of the formula $(CH_2)_n$ CH=N (in either direction), the formula $(CH_2)_n$ Z $(CH_2)_m$, or of the formula $(CH_2)_n$ CH=N $(CH_2)_m$ (in either direction) or a group of the formula $(CH_2)_n$ CH=N $(CH_2)_m$ (in either direction) or a group

- in which formulas

Z represents O, S, or NR''', wherein R''' represents hydrogen or alkyl;

 or a mono or poly heterocyclic group, wherein the mono or poly heterocyclic group is a 5 and 6 membered heterocyclic monocyclic group selected from the group consisting of furanyl, imidazolyl, isoimidazolyl, 2 isoimidazolyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, 1,2,3 oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5 oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4 oxadiazolyl, oxazolyl, piperidyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, and butyrolactonyl, which mono or polycyclic groups may optionally be substituted one or more times with substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, trihalogenmethyl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, amino, nitro, cyano, OR'', SR'', R'OR'', R'SR'', C(0)R'', C(S)R'', C(0)OR'', C(S)OR'', C(0)SR'', C(S)SR'', C(O)NR'(OR''), C(S)NR'(OR''), C(O)NR'(SR''), C(S)NR'(SR''), $CH(CN)_2$, $C(O)NR''_2$, $C(S)NR''_2$, $CH[C(O)R'']_2$, $CH[C(S)R'']_2$, $CH[C(O)OR'']_2$, $CH[C(S)OR'']_2$, $CH[C(O)SR'']_2$, CH[C(S)SR'']2, CH2OR'', and CH2SR''; - R represents hydrogen, halogen, trihalogenmethyl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, amino, vitro or cyano, or a group of the formula OR', SR', -R"OR', -R"SR', -C(O)R', -C(S)R', -C(O)OR', -C(S)OR', -C(O)SR', -C(O)NR''(OR'), -C(S)NR"(OR'), -C(O)NR"(SR'), -C(S)NR"(SR'), -CH(CN)2, -C(O)NR'27

 $-C(S)NR_{2}$ $-CH[C(O)R_{2}$ $-CH[C(S)R_{2}]_{2}$ $-CH[C(S)R_{2}]_{2}$ $-CH[C(O)OR_{2}]_{2}$ $-CH[C(S)OR_{2}]_{2}$ $-CH[C(O)SR']_2$, $-CH[C(S)SR']_2$, $-CH_2OR'$, or $-CH_2SR'$; or a mono or polycyclic aryl group selected from the group consisting of phenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl, and cyclopenta 2,4 diene 1 ylidene, or a monoor poly-heterocyclic group, wherein the mono or poly-heterocyclic group is a 5 and 6 membered heterocyclic monocyclic group selected from the group consisting of furanyl, imidazolyl, isoimidazolyl, 2 isoimidazolyl, isothiazolyl, isoxazolyl, 1,2,3 oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4 oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5 oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4 oxadiazolyl, oxazolyl, piperidyl, pyrazinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolyl, thiadiazolyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, and butyrolactonyl, which mono or polycyclic groups may optionally be substituted one or more times with substituents selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, trihalogenmethyl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, amino, nitro, cyano, OR', and SR'; and

R' and R", independently of each another, represents hydrogen, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or alkoxy Formula VIII

$$Ar^{1}$$

$$C-(CH_{2})_{n}-R$$
(VIII)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or an oxide or a hydrate thereof, wherein

n is 0;

Ar¹ represents a phenyl, furanyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, piperidyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolyl, thiazolyl or thienyl group, which group may optionally be substituted one or more times with substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, trihalogenmethyl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, amino, nitro and cyano; and R represents -OR', -C(O)R', -C(O)OR', -C(O)NR', or -CH₂OR',

R represents -OR', -C(O)R', -C(O)OR', $-C(O)NR'_2$ or $-CH_2OR'$, wherein R' represents hydrogen, alkyl or cycloalkyl.

Claim 2. - Claim 17. (Canceled).

Claim 18. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim

1, wherein the compound is (4-chlorophenyl-diphenyl)-carbinol;

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Ethyl 2-phenyl-2-(1-piperidyl)-phenylacetate; or 1,1,1-triphenylacetone; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or an oxide or a hydrate thereof.

Claim 19. (Canceled).

Claim 20. (Withdrawn) The method according to claim 1, said method further comprising administering a pharmaceutically effective amount of a conventional immune suppressing agent to said mammal.

Claim 21. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 20, wherein the immune-suppressing agent is Amphotericin, Busulphan, Co-trimoxazole, Chlorambucil, colony stimulating factors, corticosteroids, Cyclophosphamide, Fluconazole, folinic acid, Ganciclovir, antilymphocyte immunoglobulins, normal immunoglobulins, Methotrexate, Methylprednisolone Methylprednisolone, Octreotide, Oxpentifylline, Tacrolimus (FK506), Thalidomide, Zolimomab aritox, or the calcineurin eaicineurin inhibitors (protein phosphatase 2B inhibitors).

Claim 22. - Claim 30. (Canceled).

Claim 31. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 20, wherein the conventional immune-suppressing agent is Cyclosporin.

Claim 32. - Claim 33. (Canceled).

Claim 34. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 18, wherein said compound is (4-chlorophenyl-diphenyl)-methanol.